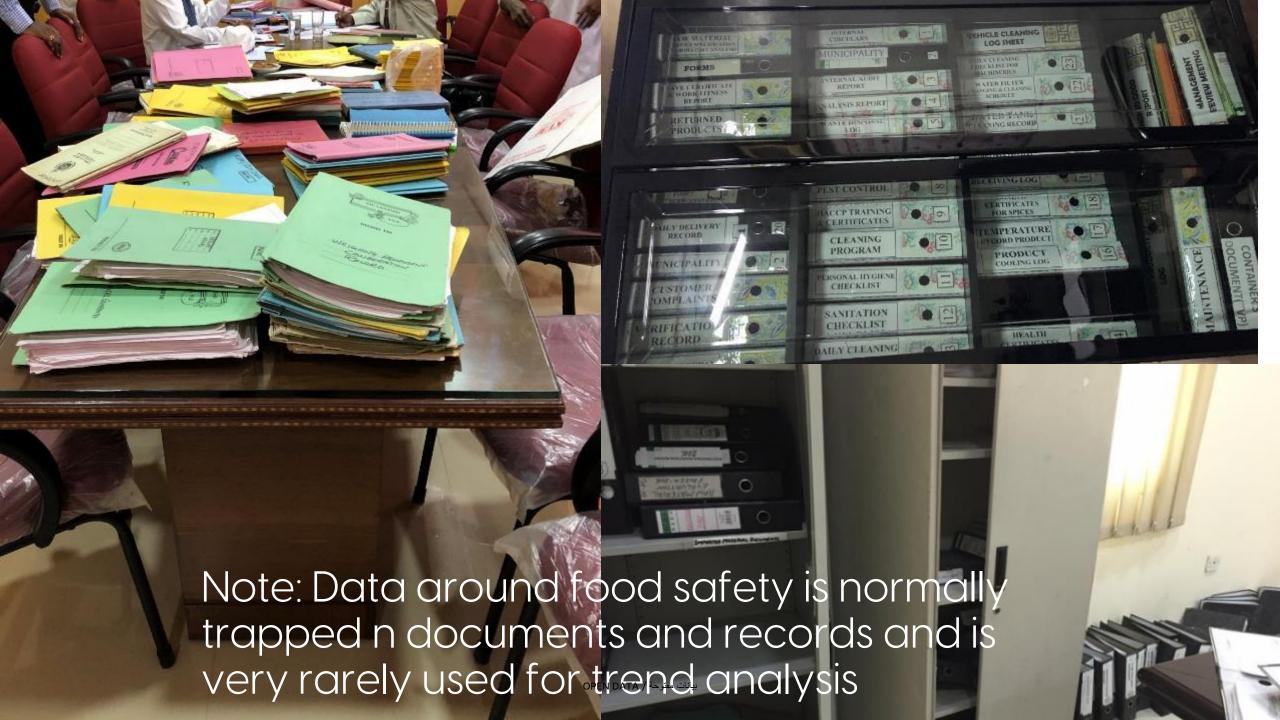


Note: Access to Data is a fundamental requirement میانات مفتوحة/ OPEN DATA



Data

Dubai's data



160 + Countries

Food is imports from 160+ Countries



30,000 Food Businesses

Restaurants, Traders, Manufacturers

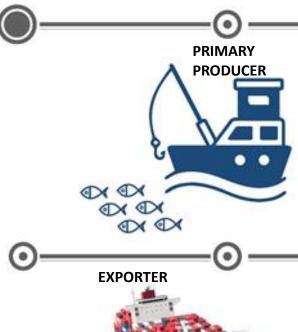


300,000+ Inspections

100,000+ Laboratory tests

OPEN DATA / بيانات مفتوحة /





Halal certificate HACCP certificate Organic Certificate Irradiation free certificate **Laboratory Test Report** Antibiotic free certificate

Product name Barcode Batch Code Ingredients Product classification **Process information Nutrition Information** Intended Consumer Labeling Shelf life Date code Manufacturer details Country of origin Item weight





Hazard identification Risk characterization Laboratory testing



Import Request Number **Inspection Report Inspection Decision Laboratory Test Decision**

Sampling Plan Number of samples





Calibration

HACCP certificate

Illness reporting

Vaccination record

Laboratory test Report

Customer Complaints

DIP Release

Inspection Report Laboratory Report Release Details **Detention Details**

Primary PIC Trade PIC Food Handlers License Number **Business activity** Food inspection report Food inspection grade





Labeling:





بيانات مفتوحة / OPEN DATA

RETAILER 2



PIC information **Food Handlers**

Food inspection report

License Number **Business activity** Food inspection grade Temperature record Pest management record Water tank cleaning record Grease trap cleaning record Equipment record

Master Data

Master data describes people, places, or things that an organization cares about. For example, a food manufacturer, address, and contact information, a food they make are master data

Transactional Data

Transactional data describes an event that master data participates in- Like a laboratory test report associated with the manufacturer, an inspection report etc

Unstructured Data

Unstructured data that comes from emails, notifications that are not through the system etc

Metadata

Data that provides information about other data, such as when and how it was gathered. Metadata can also provide context with details such as the source, type, owner, and relationships to other data sets. It can make tracking and working with specific data easier.

Volume

Variety

Velocity

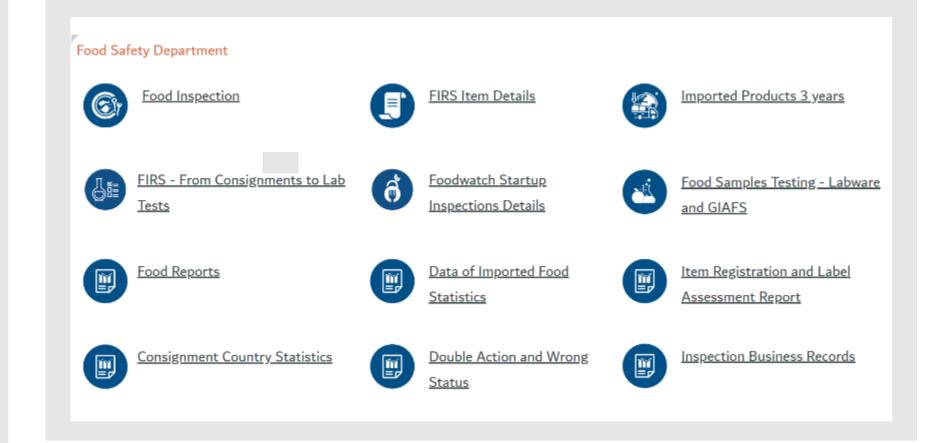
Value

Veracity



Variability

Visualization



Note: Creating customized visualization tools for team is an important part of data utilization

Dubai Municipality

Note: Role of the organization



Digital Journey



2002

Food Inspection



2004

Food Trade

Process



2007

Food Product

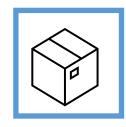
Registration



2007

Laboratory Test

Reports



2012

Food Label

Information



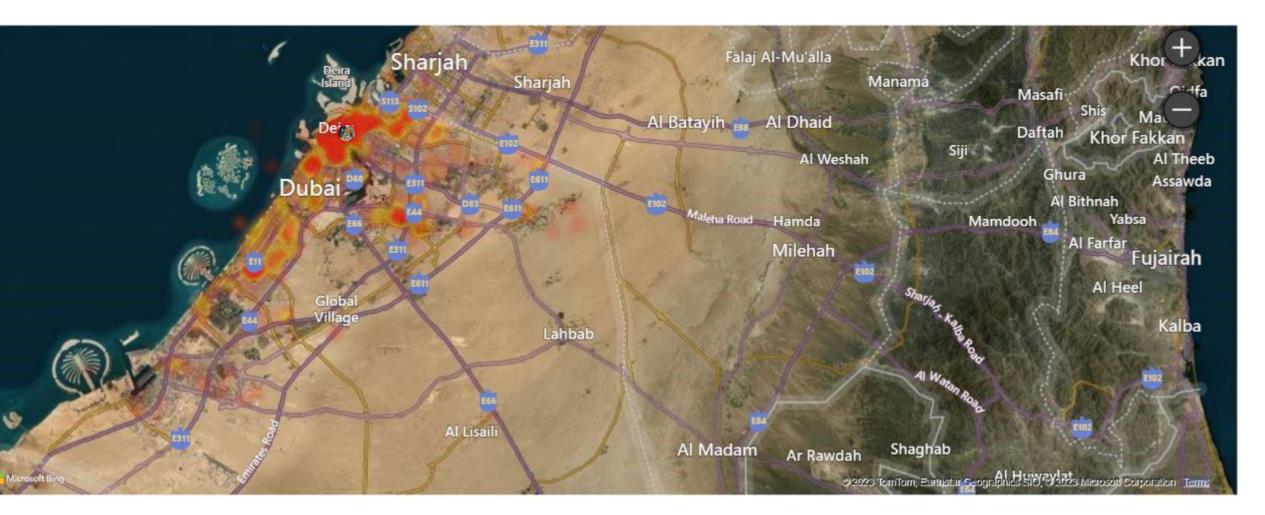
2018

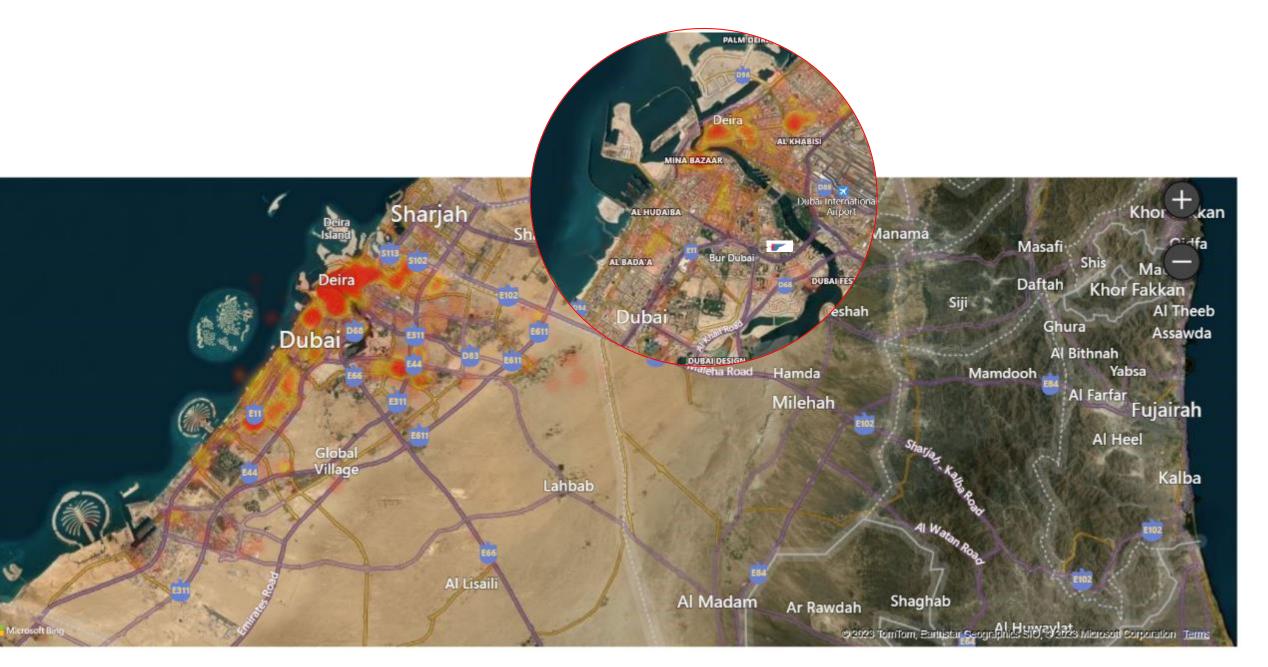
Food Safety

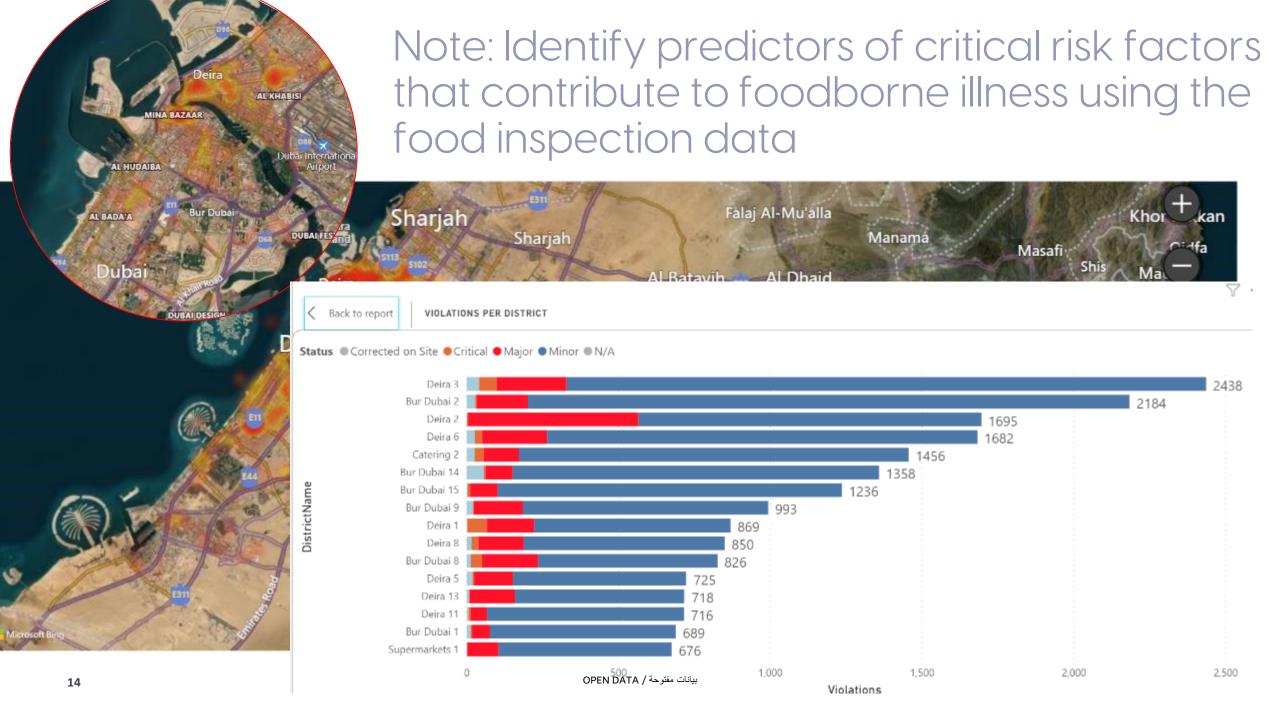
Management

System

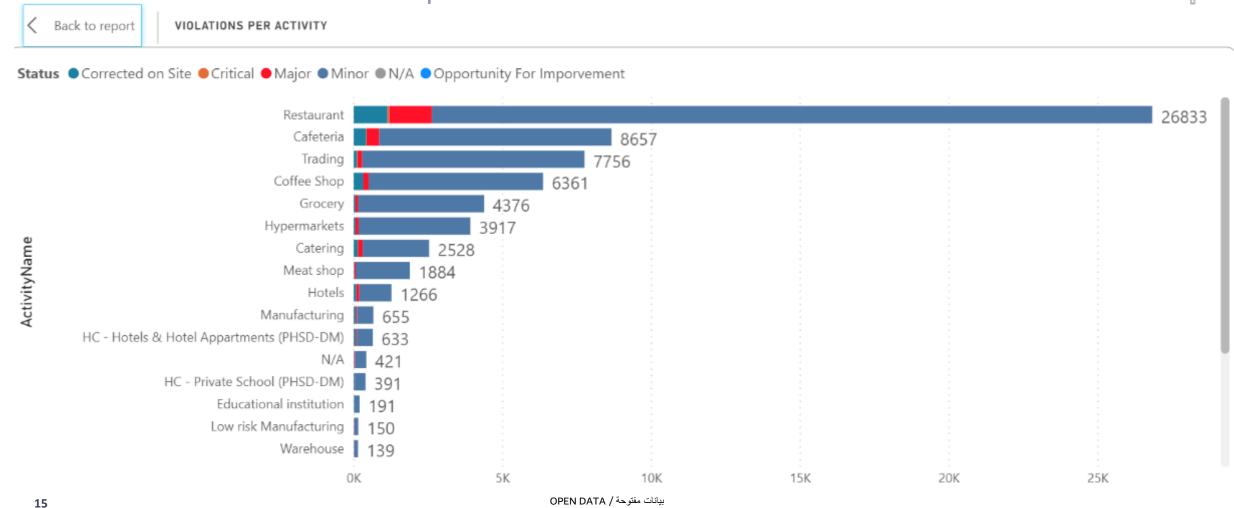
Note: Map showing the hot-spots for food safety violations





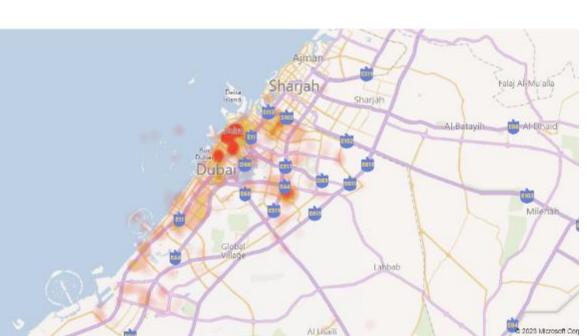


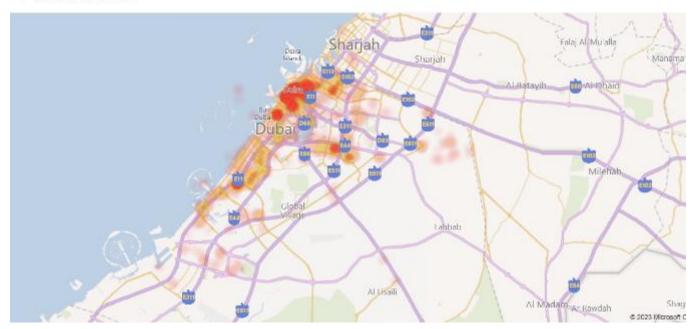
Note: Identify predictors of critical risk factors that contribute to foodborne illness using the food inspection data

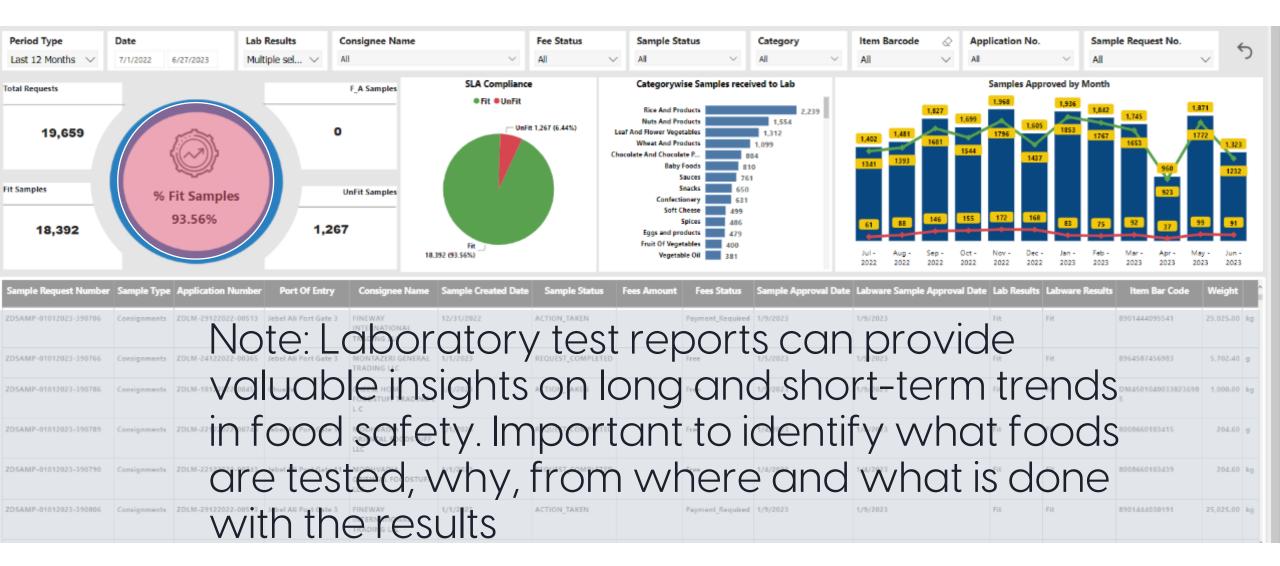


Pest Hotspots Comparison

Note: Data can be as simple as combining pest related issues picked by inspectors and consumer complaints. Such data can be used to validate approaches for prevention

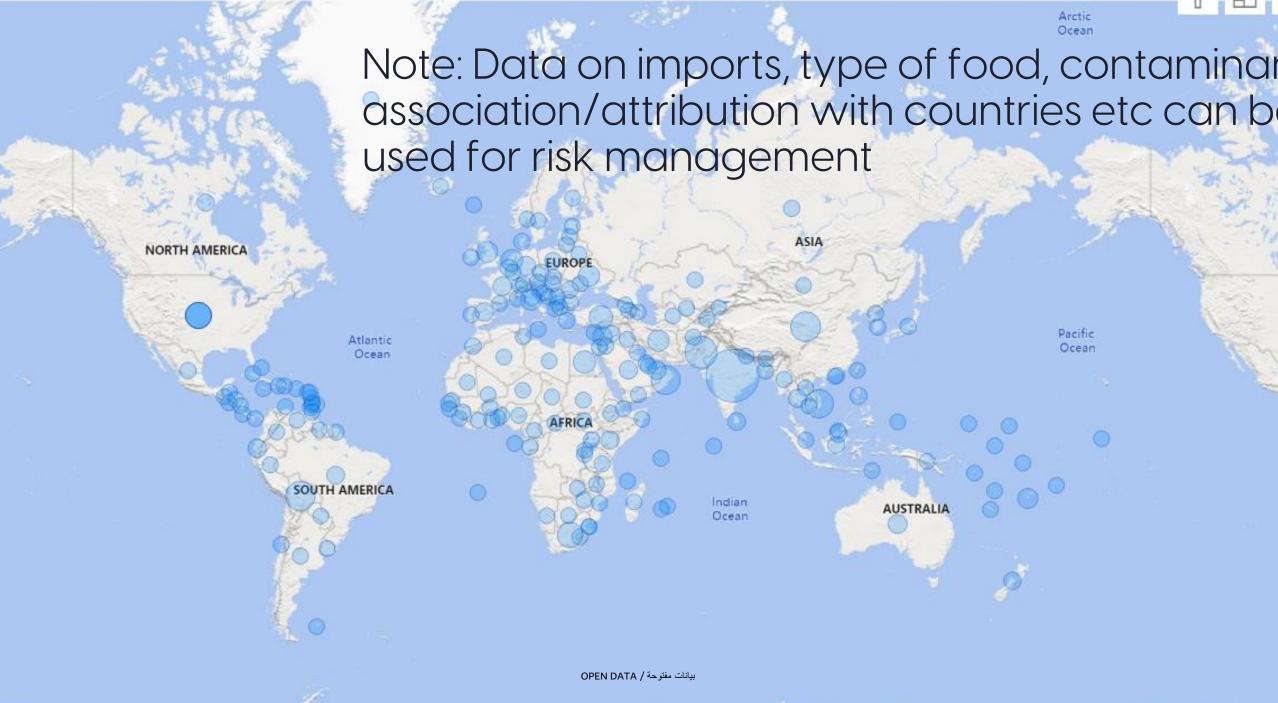


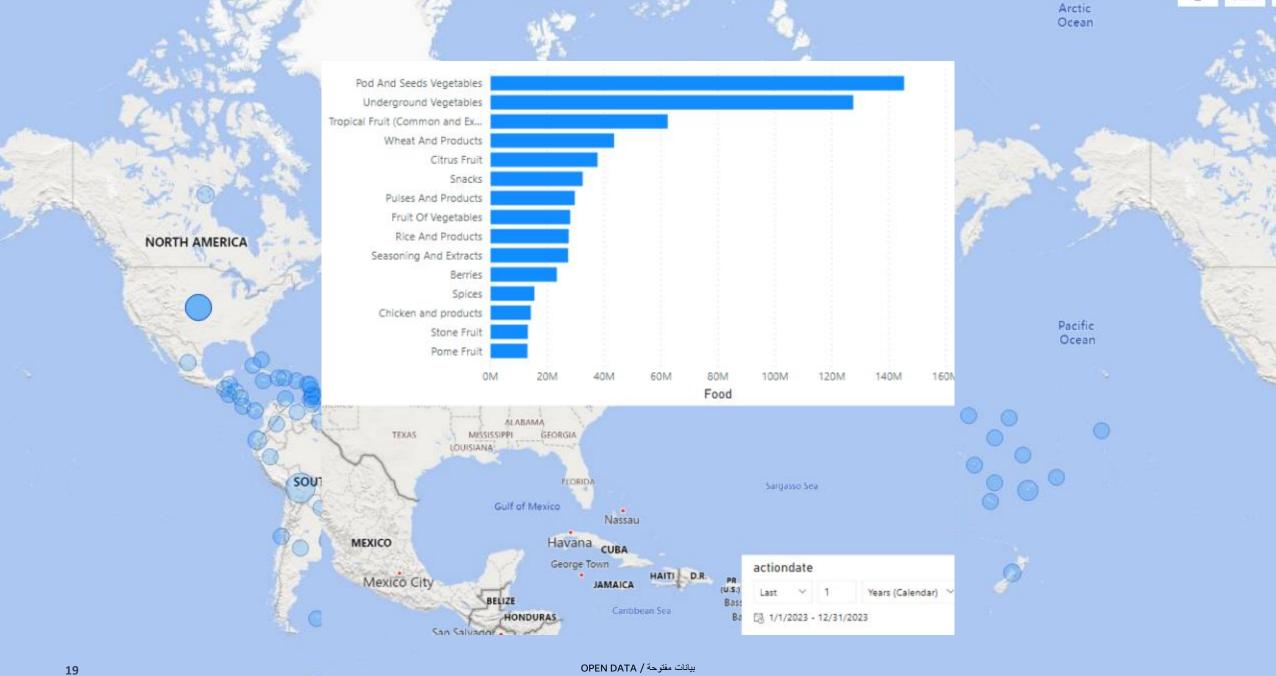


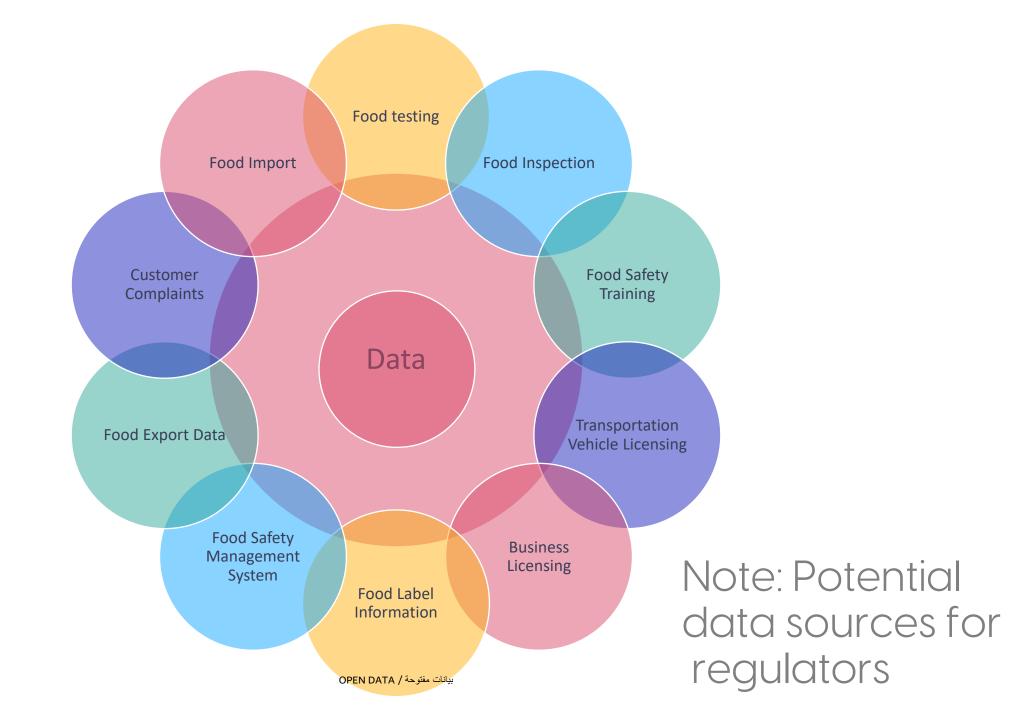


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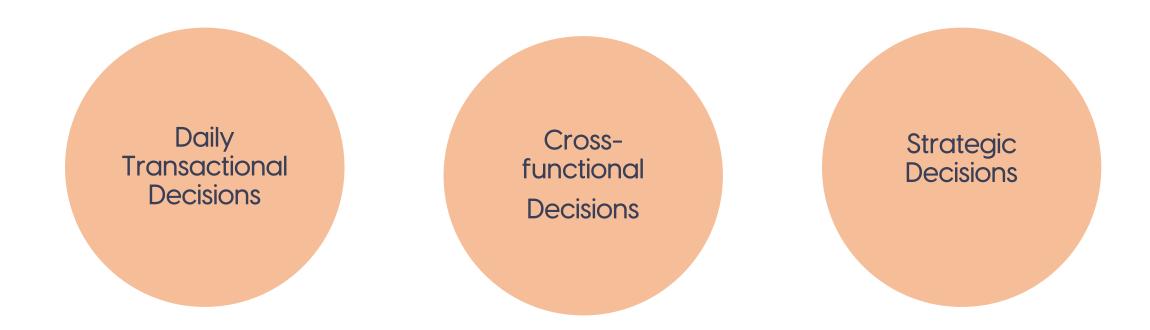
17











Note: Decision making is the most important part. Risk management decisions have to be data driven

Note: Some examples of how the regulatory and industry use data for decision making

Food Inspection

- Identify trends in food safety violations
- Take targeted measures to reduce the violations

Food Trade Control

- Analyze food import data and identify trends associated with specific products, countries, importers
 - Establish and reevaluate control measures such as focused inspections/testing etc

Food Industry

- Train and empower workforce
- Utilize digitalization tools
- Identify trends and derive insights
- Utilize data for decision making
- Respond to initiatives

Food Studies and Systems

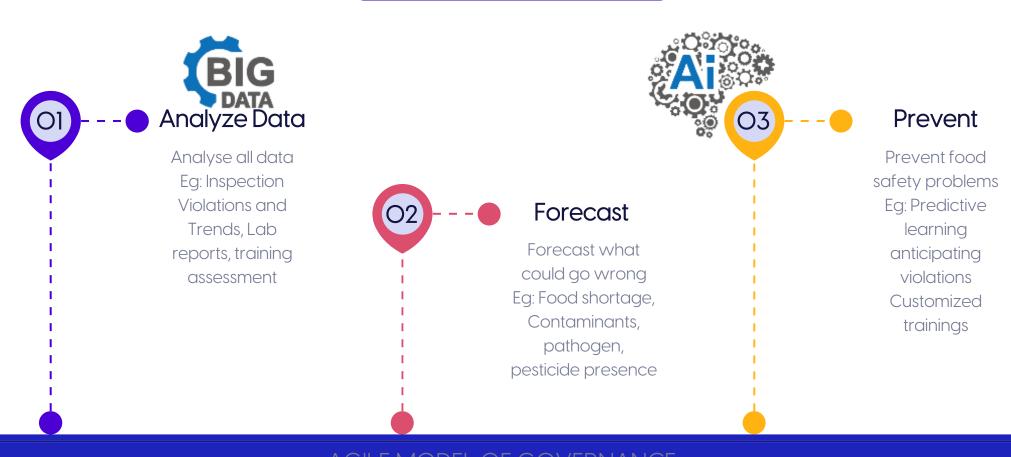
- Identify trends in foodborne diseases from surveillance data
- Analyze food testing data- at the point of entry as well as market
- Establish risk management strategies

Awareness and Applied Nutrition

- Educate the Food Business Operators
- Modify the training and education strategy based on the risk factors identified
- Educate consumers

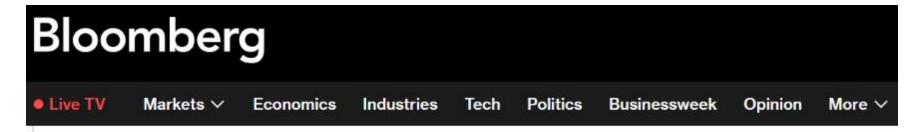
Future Roadmap

Creating the Future



AGILE MODEL OF GOVERNANCE

Note: Work done almost a decade ago using public data.

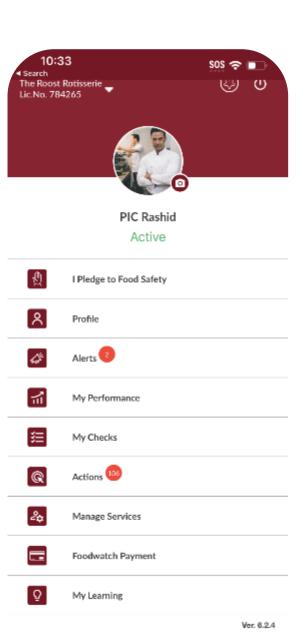


CityLab | Housing

Chicago Is Predicting Food Safety Violations. Why Aren't Other Cities?

A case study in applying data-based civic solutions to other places.





Note: Gamification is a key component of learning reinforcement. Dubai's app for food businesses engages and empowers food industry

